

# 2024-2025

## Welcome Packet

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### Welcome to Red Oak ISD

We're excited for you to join our community. Inside this packet you will find information regarding activities, clubs, extracurricular events, tutoring, food and nutrition, key school staff members, student code of conduct, and available student supports. Our office serves as the contact for all McKinney Vento & Foster services. Please don't hesitate to reach out if there's anything ROISD can do to support you.

Email: [Angela.fitzgerald@redoakisd.org](mailto:Angela.fitzgerald@redoakisd.org) [Melody.hawkins@redoakisd.org](mailto:Melody.hawkins@redoakisd.org)

Phone: 972-617-2941

### Activities, Clubs, & Extracurricular

Each campus has numerous activities and clubs including chess club, student council, athletics (ROMS & ROHS), and robotics. The ones listed here are just a few of the options. Reach out to the campus to find information regarding campus specific activities. Contact information can be found in the following pages. If finances are a concern in regard to participating in school activities please reach out to the Counseling and Family Services Department, Angela Fitzgerald or Melody Hawkins.

### Tutoring Opportunities

Tutoring opportunities are available throughout the school year. Please reach out to campus staff or the Counseling and Family Services Department, Angela Fitzgerald or Melody Hawkins, if interested.

### Community Resources

Community Resources can be found online at [www.findhelp.org](http://www.findhelp.org).

Red Oak ISD hosts a Drive Thru Food Pantry each month. Specific dates are posted on the website, social media, and through district wide text messages and emails.

Campus Counselors can also be utilized to help locate community resources. Campus Counselors' contact information can be found on the following page.

### Healthcare Resources

**Hope Clinic Waxahachie-** 411 E. Jefferson Street, Waxahachie, TX 75165- 972-923-2440

**Dallas Deflection Center-** Homeward Bound- 5300 University Hills STE 400, Dallas, TX 75241- 214-590-0153

**LBU Health Center-** 5787 S. Hampton Rd, STE 365, Dallas, TX 75232- 214-540-0300

## **Insurance Resources**

<https://www.acf.hhs.gov/archive/fysb/fact-sheet/resource/health-coverage-homeless-risk-youth>

## **Pharmacy/ RX Resources**

**Saint Vincent de Paul Pharmacy-** Designed to support Texas Residents who do not have health insurance or are struggling to afford their medications. Qualified individuals will receive medications at no cost. -

<http://svdpdallas.org/pharmacy-patient-eligibility/>

**RX Outreach-** Non-profit pharmacy provides certain mail order medications to those in need, including those who have insurance, are under-insured, or have no insurance.- <http://nafcclinics.org/partners/rx-outreach/>

**Link to more Health care resources-** <https://findahealthcenter.hrsa.gov/?zip=32.5185%252C-96.8043&radius=50&incrementalsearch=false>

## **ROISD Staff to Know**

Victoria Ybarra, Director of Student Nutrition 972-617-2941

Rosetta Sanford, Director of Transportation 972-617-4151

### **Red Oak Elementary**

**972-617-3523**

Braylon Linnear, Principal

Angela Barnes, Assistant Principal

Dori Barrett, Counselor

Susan Hasan, Nurse

Priscilla Ruiz, Registrar

### **Eastridge Elementary**

**972-617-2266**

Kelly Barbe, Principal

Maddie Lee, Assistant Principal

Jeanette Morales, Counselor

Rhonda Livingston, Nurse

Vianey Balboa, Registrar

**Wooden Elementary**

**972-617-2977**

Jessica Trezza, Principal

Aimee Friesenhahn, Assistant Principal

Jenna Vick, Counselor

Tiffany Lightfoot, Nurse

Ana Santoya, Registrar

**Shields Elementary**

**972-617-4799**

Allyson Bell, Principal

Amanda Simone, Assistant Principal

Tyler Tucker, Counselor

Kelsie Reeves, Nurse

Robin Crutchfield, Registrar

**Russell P. Schupmann Elementary**

**972-617-2685**

Ashley Jackson, Principal

Matt Northcutt, Assistant Principal

Martha Forney, Assistant Principal Intern

Angela Bartels, Counselor

Rachel Rangel, Nurse

Elsa Ozuna, Registrar

**Red Oak Middle School**

**972-617-0066**

Lanoria Washington, Principal

Chris Thompson, Associate Principal

Jed Eisel, Dean of Specialized Learning

Nicole Sebring, Registrar

Dr. LaShonda Ried, Assistant Principal (6<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline A-E)

Alvin Shaw, Interim Assistant Principal (6<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline F-Z)

Nicki Morrison, Assistant Principal (7<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline A-K)

Rondell Tucker, Assistant Principal (7<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline L-Z)

Brian Nelson, Assistant Principal (8<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline A-K)

Mourice Horton, Assistant Principal (8<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline L-Z)

Calinda Wells, 6<sup>th</sup> Grade Counselor

Paula Barnes, 7<sup>th</sup> Grade Counselor

Stormie McDaniel, 8<sup>th</sup> Grade Counselor

Bronson Lewis, Student Support Counselor

Dr. Alzada Benton, Crisis Intervention Counselor

Margarita Ortiz, Nurse

Sarah Morris, Nurse

**Red Oak High School**

**972-617-3535**

Brett Haugh, Principal

Julie Wuerch, Associate Principal

Sandi Grady, Dean of Specialized Learning

Jamarcus Webster, Assistant Principal (9<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline A-K)

Cassie Joffre, Assistant Principal (9<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline L-Z)

Jeffrey Ellis, Assistant Principal (10-12<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline A-D)

Paige Patterson, Assistant Principal (10-12<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline E-K)

Sharetha Hicks, Assistant Principal (10-12<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline L-R)

Sedeki Satcher, Assistant Principal (10-12<sup>th</sup> Grade Student Discipline S-Z)

Angela Smith, School Counselor (9<sup>th</sup> Grade A-Z)

Ginger McClure, School Counselor (10-12<sup>th</sup> Grade A-Gom)

Angeal Dixson, School Counselor (10-12<sup>th</sup> Grade Gon-M)

Tarrah Carr, School Counselor Lead (10-12<sup>th</sup> Grade N-Z)

Andrea Jones, Support Counselor

Jamie Millican, Support Counselor

Jeremiah Gaines, College/ Career Coordinator

Susan Underwood, Nurse

Misty Horn, Registrar

## **High School Resource List**

Assists any student who is or was previously in the conservatorship of the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services.

**Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA):** <https://studentaid.gov/>

**Collin College's Financial Aid Outreach Request for a FAFSA presentation and/or a FAFSA workshop:**  
<https://www.collin.edu/financialaid/FinancialAidOutreach.html>

**Higher Education Foster Care Liaison list:**

<https://view.officeapps.live.com/op/view.aspx?src=https%3A%2F%2Freportcenter.highered.texas.gov%2Ffoster%2Fcrs-cfat-foster-care-liaison-listing%2F&wdOrigin=BROWSELINK>

**TX DFPS Higher Education Resources and Information for current and former foster youth:**

[https://www.dfps.texas.gov/Child\\_Protection/Youth\\_and\\_Young\\_Adults/Education/default.asp](https://www.dfps.texas.gov/Child_Protection/Youth_and_Young_Adults/Education/default.asp)

**Texas Education and Training Voucher (ETV) Program:** <https://discoverbcfs.net/texasetv/>

**TX Department of Family and Protective Services waiver letter information:**

[https://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Child\\_Protection/Youth\\_and\\_Young\\_Adults/Education/state\\_college\\_tuition\\_waiver.asp](https://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Child_Protection/Youth_and_Young_Adults/Education/state_college_tuition_waiver.asp)

**Preparation for Adult Living (PAL) Coordinators by region for students to obtain their tuition waiver letter and additional resources (youth in foster only, not adopted):**

[https://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Child\\_Protection/Youth\\_and\\_Young\\_Adults/Preparation\\_For\\_Adult\\_Living/PAL\\_coordinators.asp](https://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Child_Protection/Youth_and_Young_Adults/Preparation_For_Adult_Living/PAL_coordinators.asp)

**Post-Adoption Liaisons by region for students to obtain their tuition waiver letter and additional resources:** [https://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Child\\_Protection/Adoption/adoption\\_support.asp#contacts](https://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Child_Protection/Adoption/adoption_support.asp#contacts)

2024-2025



## Student Code of Conduct



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## Accessibility

If you have difficulty accessing the information in this document because of disability, please contact Cristi Watts, Executive Director of Student Services, at [cristi.watts@redoakisd.org](mailto:cristi.watts@redoakisd.org) or 972.617.2941.

## Purpose

The Student Code of Conduct (“Code of Conduct”), as required by Chapter 37 of the Texas Education Code, provides methods and options for managing student behavior, preventing and intervening in student discipline problems, and imposing discipline.

The law requires the district to define misconduct that may—or must—result in a range of specific disciplinary consequences including removal from a regular classroom or campus, out-of-school suspension, placement in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP), placement in a juvenile justice alternative education program (JJAEP), or expulsion from school.

This Code of Conduct has been adopted by the Red Oak ISD Board of Trustees and developed with the advice of the district-level planning and decision-making committee. It provides information to parents and students regarding standards of conduct, consequences of misconduct, and procedures for administering discipline. This Code of Conduct remains in effect during summer school and at all school-related events and activities outside of the school year until the board adopts an updated version for the next school year.

In accordance with state law, the Code of Conduct shall be posted at each school campus or shall be available for review at the office of the campus principal. Additionally, the Code of Conduct shall be available at the office of the campus behavior coordinator and posted on the district’s website. Parents shall be notified of any conduct violation that may result in a student being suspended, placed in a DAEP or JJAEP, expelled, or taken into custody by a law enforcement officer under Chapter 37 of the Education Code.

Because the Code of Conduct is adopted by the district’s board of trustees, it has the force of policy. In the event of a conflict between the Code of Conduct and the Student Handbook, the Code of Conduct shall prevail.

**Please Note:** The discipline of students with disabilities who are eligible for services under federal law (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973) is subject to the provisions of those laws.

## School District Authority and Jurisdiction

School rules and the authority of the district to administer discipline apply whenever the interest of the district is involved, on or off school grounds, in conjunction with or independent of classes and school-sponsored activities.

The district has disciplinary authority over a student:

1. During the regular school day;
2. While the student is traveling to and from school or a school-sponsored or school-related activity on district transportation;
3. During lunch periods in which a student is allowed to leave campus;
4. While the student is in attendance at any school-related activity, regardless of time or location;
5. For any school-related misconduct, regardless of time or location;
6. When retaliation against a school employee, board member, or volunteer occurs or is threatened, regardless of time or location;
7. When a student engages in cyberbullying, as provided by Education Code 37.0832;
8. When criminal mischief is committed on or off school property or at a school-related event;
9. For certain offenses committed within 300 feet of school property as measured from any point on the school’s real property boundary line;

10. For certain offenses committed while on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity of another district in Texas;
11. When the student commits a felony, as provided by Education Code 37.006 or 37.0081; and
12. When the student is required to register as a sex offender.

## Campus Behavior Coordinator

As required by law, a person at each campus must be designated to serve as the campus behavior coordinator (CBC). The designated person may be the principal of the campus or any other campus administrator selected by the principal. The campus behavior coordinator (CBC) is primarily responsible for maintaining student discipline. In Red Oak ISD, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) will be the campus principal or any other administrator selected by the principal. The district shall post on its website and in the Student Handbook, for each campus, the email address and telephone number of the person serving as campus behavior coordinator (CBC). Contact information may be found at [www.redoakisd.org](http://www.redoakisd.org).

The campus behavior coordinator (CBC) and any district administrator retain the ability and/or power under Chapter 37 of the Texas Education Code, to discipline a student.

## Threat Assessment and Safe and Supportive School Team

The campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or other appropriate administrator will work closely with the campus threat assessment and safe and supportive school team to implement the district's threat assessment policy and procedures, as required by law, and shall take appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the Code of Conduct.

## Searches

District officials may conduct searches of students, their belongings, and their vehicles in accordance with state and federal law and district policy. Searches of students shall be conducted in a reasonable and nondiscriminatory manner. Refer to the district's policies at [FNF\(LEGAL\)](#) and [FNF\(LOCAL\)](#) for more information regarding investigations and searches.

The district has the right to search a vehicle driven to school by a student and parked on school property whenever there is reasonable suspicion to believe it contains articles or materials prohibited by the district.

Desks, lockers, district-provided technology, and similar items are the property of the district and are provided for student use as a matter of convenience. District property is subject to search or inspection at any time without notice.

## Reporting Crimes

The principal or campus behavior coordinator (CBC) and other school administrators as appropriate will report crimes as required by law and will call local law enforcement (Red Oak ISD Police) when an administrator suspects that a crime has been committed on campus.

## Security Personnel

The board utilizes police officers to ensure the security and protection of students, staff, and property. In accordance with law, the board has coordinated with the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) and other district employees to ensure appropriate law enforcement duties are assigned to these persons. Provisions addressing the various types of security personnel can be found in the CKE policy series.

Police officers employed by the district shall have all the powers, privileges, and immunities of police officers on or off duty within the jurisdiction of the district. Subject to limitations in law, district police officers shall have the authority to:

1. Protect the safety and welfare of any person in the jurisdiction of the district and protect the property of

the district.

2. Enforce all laws, including municipal ordinances, county ordinances, and state laws, and investigate violations of law as needed. In doing so, district police officers may serve search warrants in connection with district-related investigations in compliance with the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.
3. Arrest suspects consistent with state and federal statutory and constitutional standards governing arrests, including arrests without warrant, for offenses that occur in the officer's presence or under the other rules set out in the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.
4. Coordinate and cooperate with commissioned officers of all other law enforcement agencies in the enforcement of this policy as necessary.
5. Enforce district policies, rules, and regulations on district property, in school zones, at bus stops, or at district functions.
6. Investigate violations of district policy, rules, and regulations as requested by the Superintendent and participate in hearings concerning alleged violations.
7. Carry weapons as directed by the chief of police and approved by the Superintendent.
8. Carry out all other duties as directed by the chief of police or Superintendent.

Security personnel are tasked with duties that are not in direct conflict with licensed peace officers. District security personnel shall have the authority to:

1. Protect the safety and welfare of any person in the jurisdiction of the district and protect the property of the district.
2. Coordinate and cooperate with commissioned officers of all other law enforcement agencies in the enforcement of this policy as necessary.
3. Enforce district policies, rules, and regulations on district property, in school zones, at bus stops, or at district functions.
4. Investigate violations of district policy, rules, and regulations as requested by the Superintendent and participate in hearings concerning alleged violations.
5. Carry out all other duties as directed by the chief of police or Superintendent.

## 'Parent' Defined

Throughout the Code of Conduct and related discipline policies, the term "parent" includes a parent, legal guardian, or other person having lawful control of the child.

## Participating in Graduation Activities

The district has the right to limit a student's participation in graduation activities for violating the district's Code of Conduct.

Participation might include a speaking role, as established by district policy and procedures.

Students eligible to give the opening and closing remarks at graduation shall be notified by the campus principal. Notwithstanding any other eligibility requirements, in order to be considered as an eligible student to give the opening or closing remarks, a student shall not have engaged in any misconduct in violation of the district's Code resulting in an out-of-school suspension, removal to a DAEP, or expulsion at any point during the senior school year.

The valedictorian and salutatorian may also have speaking roles at graduation. No student shall be eligible to have such a speaking role if he or she engaged in any misconduct that resulted in an out-of-school suspension, removal to a DAEP, or expulsion at any point during the senior school year.

## Unauthorized Persons

In accordance with Education Code 37.105, a school administrator, SRO, or district police officer shall have the authority

to refuse entry or eject a person from district property if the person refuses to leave peaceably on request and:

1. The person poses a substantial risk of harm to any person; or
2. The person behaves in a manner that is inappropriate for a school setting, and the person persists in the behavior after being given a verbal warning that the behavior is inappropriate and may result in refusal of entry or ejection.

Appeals regarding refusal of entry or ejection from district property may be filed in accordance with policies [FNG\(LOCAL\)](#) or [GF\(LOCAL\)](#), as appropriate. However, the timelines for the district's grievance procedures shall be adjusted as necessary to permit the person to address the board in person within 90 days, unless the complaint is resolved before a board hearing.

See **DAEP-Restrictions During Placement** for information regarding a student assigned to DAEP at the time of graduation.

## Standards for Student Conduct

Each student is expected to:

- Demonstrate courtesy, even when others do not.
- Behave in a responsible manner, always exercising self-discipline.
- Attend all classes, regularly and on time.
- Prepare for each class; take appropriate materials and assignments to class.
- Meet district and campus standards of grooming and dress.
- Obey all campus and classroom rules.
- Respect the rights and privileges of students, teachers, and other district staff and volunteers.
- Respect the property of others, including district property and facilities.
- Cooperate with and assist the school staff in maintaining safety, order, and discipline.
- Adhere to the requirements of the Student Code of Conduct.

The district may impose campus or classroom rules in addition to those found in the Student Code of Conduct. These rules may be listed in the Student Handbook or posted in classrooms, and may or may not constitute violations of the Student Code of Conduct.

## General Conduct Violations

The categories of conduct below are prohibited at school, in vehicles owned or operated by the district, and at all school-related activities, but the list does not include the most severe offenses. In the subsequent sections on Suspension, DAEP Placement, Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Serious Offenses, and Expulsion, severe offenses that require or permit specific consequences are listed. Any offense, however, may be severe enough to result in Removal from the Regular Educational Setting as detailed in that section.

### Disregard for Authority

Students shall not:

- Fail to comply with directives given by school personnel (insubordination).
- Leave school grounds or school-sponsored events without permission.
- Disobey rules for conduct on school buses.
- Refuse to accept discipline management techniques or consequence assigned by a teacher, principal, administrator, or other authorized staff member.

## Mistreatment of Others

Students shall not:

- Use profanity or vulgar language or make obscene gestures.
- Fight or scuffle (physical or verbal confrontations). (For assault see **DAEP Placement and Expulsion.**)
- Threaten a district student, employee, or volunteer, including off school property, if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Engage in bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or making hit lists. (See glossary for all four terms.)
- Release or threaten to release intimate visual material of a minor or a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
- Engage in conduct that constitutes sexual or gender-based harassment or sexual abuse, whether by word, gesture, or any other conduct, directed toward another person, including a district student, employee, board member, or volunteer.
- Engage in conduct that constitutes dating violence, including the intentional use of physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another person with whom the student has or has had a dating relationship. (See glossary.)
- Engage in inappropriate or indecent exposure of private body parts.
- Participate in hazing. (See glossary.)
- Cause an individual to act through the use of or threat of force (coercion).
- Commit extortion, coercion, or blackmail (obtaining money or an object of value from an unwilling person).
- Engage in inappropriate verbal, physical, or sexual conduct directed toward another person, including a district student, employee, or volunteer.
- Record the voice or image of another without the prior consent of the individuals being recorded or in any way that disrupts the educational environment or invades privacy of others.
- Engage in intentional behavior that threatens the health of others – including but not limited to – coughing, sneezing, or spitting in a manner which appears to spread an illness. This action may be considered a form of assault, in accordance with Penal Code 22.01(a)(3).

## Property Offenses

Students shall not:

- Damage or vandalize property owned by others. (For felony criminal mischief see **DAEP Placement or Expulsion.**)
- Deface or damage school property -- including textbooks, technology and electronic resources, lockers, furniture, and other equipment -- with graffiti or by other means.
- Steal from students, staff, or the school.
- Commit or assist in a robbery or theft even if it does not constitute a felony according to the Penal Code. (For felony robbery, aggravated robbery, and theft see **DAEP Placement and Expulsion.**)
- Enter, without authorization, district facilities that are not open for operations.

## Possession of Prohibited Items

Students shall not possess or use:

- Fireworks of any kind, smoke or stink bombs, or any other pyrotechnic devices;
- A razor, box cutter, chain, or any other object used in a way that threatens or inflicts bodily injury to another person;
- A "look-alike" weapon that is intended to be used as a weapon or could reasonably be perceived as a weapon;

- An air gun or BB gun;
- Ammunition;
- A hand instrument designed to cut or stab another by being thrown;
- A firearm silencer or suppressor;
- \*A location-restricted knife;
- \*A club;
- \*A firearm;
- A stun gun;
- Knuckles;
- A pocketknife or any other small knife;
- Mace or pepper spray;
- Pornographic material;
- Tobacco products; cigarettes; e-cigarettes; and any component, part, or accessory for an e-cigarette device;
- Non-tobacco nicotine pouches;
- Matches or a lighter;
- A laser pointer, unless it is for an approved use;
- Any articles not generally considered to be weapons, including school supplies, when the principal or designee determines that a danger exists; or
- Skateboards, longboards or hover boards.

\*For weapons and firearms, see **DAEP Placement and Expulsion**. In many circumstances, possession of these items is punishable by mandatory expulsion under federal or state law.

## Possession of Telecommunications or Other Electronic Devices

Students shall not:

- Use a telecommunications device, including a cellular telephone, or other electronic device in violation of district and campus rules.

## Illegal, Prescription, and Over-the-Counter Drugs

Students shall not:

- Possess, use, give, or sell alcohol or an illegal drug. (Also see DAEP Placement and Expulsion for mandatory and permissive consequences under state law.)
- Possess or sell seeds or pieces of marijuana in less than a usable amount.
- Possess, use, give, or sell paraphernalia related to any prohibited substance. (See glossary for “paraphernalia.”)
- Possess, use, abuse, or sell look-alike drugs or attempt to pass items off as drugs or contraband.
- Abuse the student’s own prescription drug, give a prescription drug to another student, or possess or be under the influence of another person’s prescription drug on school property or at a school-related event. (See glossary for “abuse.”)
- Abuse over-the-counter drugs. (See glossary for “abuse.”)
- Be under the influence of prescription or over-the-counter drugs that cause impairment of the physical or mental faculties. (See glossary for “under the influence.”)
- Have or take prescription drugs or over-the-counter drugs at school other than as provided by district policy.
- Have or take CBD oil, unless otherwise prescribed by law.

## Misuse of Technology Resources and the Internet

Students shall not:

- Violate policies, rules, or agreements signed by the student or the student's parent regarding the use of technology resources.
- Attempt to access or circumvent passwords or other security-related information of the district, students, or employees or upload or create computer viruses, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Attempt to alter, destroy, or disable district technology resources including but not limited to computers and related equipment, district data, the data of others, or other networks connected to the district's system, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Use the Internet or other electronic communications to threaten or harass district students, employees, board members, or volunteers, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment or infringes on the rights of another student at school.
- Send, post, deliver, or possess electronic messages that are abusive, obscene, sexually oriented, threatening, harassing, damaging to another's reputation, or illegal, including cyberbullying and "sexting," either on or off school property, if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment or infringes on the rights of another student at school.
- Use the Internet or other electronic communication to engage in or encourage illegal behavior or threaten school safety, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment or infringes on the rights of another student at school.

## Safety Transgressions

Students shall not:

- Possess published or electronic material that is designed to promote or encourage illegal behavior or that could threaten school safety.
- Engage in verbal (oral or written) exchanges that threaten the safety of another student, a school employee, or school property.
- Make false accusations or perpetrate hoaxes regarding school safety.
- Engage in any conduct that school officials might reasonably believe will substantially disrupt the school program or incite violence.
- Throw objects that can cause bodily injury or property damage.
- Discharge a fire extinguisher without valid cause.
- Allow an unauthorized person into the building.

## Miscellaneous Offenses

Students shall not:

- Violate dress and grooming standards as communicated in the Student Handbook.
- Engage in academic dishonesty, which includes cheating or copying the work of another student, plagiarism, and unauthorized communication between students during an examination.
- Gamble.
- Falsify records, passes, or other school-related documents.
- Engage in actions or demonstrations that substantially disrupt or materially interfere with school activities.
- Repeatedly violate other communicated campus or classroom standards of conduct.
- Use district facilities to advertise, promote, sell tickets, or collect funds for any nonschool-related purpose.



The district may impose campus or classroom rules in addition to those found in the Code of Conduct. These rules may be posted in classrooms or given to the student and may or may not constitute violations of the Code of Conduct.

## Discipline Management Techniques

Discipline will be designed to improve conduct and to encourage students to adhere to their responsibilities as members of the school community. Disciplinary action will draw on the professional judgment of teachers and administrators and on a range of discipline management techniques, including restorative practices. Discipline shall be based on the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misbehavior, the student's attitude, the effect of the misconduct on the school environment, and statutory requirements.

## Students with Disabilities

The discipline of students with disabilities is subject to applicable state and federal law in addition to the Code of Conduct. To the extent any conflict exists, the district shall comply with federal law. For more information regarding discipline of students with disabilities, see [policy FOF\(LEGAL\)](#).

In accordance with the Education Code, a student who receives special education services may not be disciplined for conduct meeting the definition of bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or making hit lists (see glossary) until an Admission, Review, and Dismissal (ARD) committee meeting has been held to review the conduct.

In deciding whether to order suspension, DAEP placement, or expulsion, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the district will take into consideration a disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct.

## Techniques

The following discipline management techniques may be used alone, in combination, or as part of progressive interventions for behavior prohibited by the Code of Conduct or by campus or classroom rules:

- Verbal correction, oral or written.
- Cooling-off time or a brief "time-out" period, in accordance with law.
- Seating changes within the classroom or vehicles owned or operated by the district.
- Temporary confiscation of items that disrupt the educational process.
- Rewards or demerits.
- Behavioral contracts.
- Counseling by teachers, school counselors, or administrative personnel.
- Parent-teacher conferences.
- Behavior coaching.
- Anger management classes.
- Mediation (victim-offender).
- Classroom circles.
- Family group conferencing.
- Grade reductions for cheating, plagiarism, and as otherwise permitted by policy.
- Detention, including outside regular school hours.
- Sending the student to the office or other assigned area, or to in-school suspension.
- Assignment of school duties such as cleaning or picking up litter.
- Withdrawal of privileges, such as participation in extracurricular activities, eligibility for seeking and holding honorary offices, or membership in school-sponsored clubs and organizations.
- Penalties identified in individual student organizations' extracurricular standards of behavior.
- Restriction or revocation of district transportation privileges.
- School-assessed and school-administered probation.

- Out-of-school suspension, as specified in the Out-of-School Suspension section of this Code.
- Placement in a DAEP, as specified in the DAEP section of this Code.
- Expulsion and/or placement in an alternative educational setting, as specified in the Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Serious Offenses section of this Code.
- Expulsion, as specified in the Expulsion section of this Code.
- Referral to an outside agency or legal authority for criminal prosecution in addition to disciplinary measures imposed by the district.
- Other strategies and consequences as determined by school officials.

## Prohibited Aversive Techniques

Aversive techniques are prohibited for use with students and are defined as techniques or interventions intended to reduce the reoccurrence of a behavior by intentionally inflicting significant physical or emotional discomfort or pain.

Aversive techniques include:

- Using techniques designed or likely to cause physical pain, other than corporal punishment as permitted by district policy. [See [policy FO\(LOCAL\)](#).]
- Using techniques designed or likely to cause physical pain by electric shock or any procedure involving pressure points or joint locks.
- Directed release of noxious, toxic, or unpleasant spray, mist, or substance near a student's face.
- Denying adequate sleep, air, food, water, shelter, bedding, physical comfort, supervision, or access to a restroom facility.
- Ridiculing or demeaning a student in a manner that adversely affects or endangers the learning or mental health of the student or constitutes verbal abuse.
- Employing a device, material, or object that immobilizes all four of a student's extremities, including prone or supine floor restraint.
- Impairing the student's breathing, including applying pressure to the student's torso or neck or placing something in, on, or over the student's mouth or nose or covering the student's face.
- Restricting the student's circulation.
- Securing the student to a stationary object while the student is standing or sitting.
- Inhibiting, reducing, or hindering the student's ability to communicate.
- Using chemical restraints.
- Using time-out in a manner that prevents the student from being able to be involved in and progress appropriately in the required curriculum or any applicable individualized education program (IEP) goals, including isolating the student by the use of physical barriers.
- Depriving the student of one or more of the student's senses, unless the technique does not cause the student discomfort or complies with the student's IEP or behavior intervention plan (BIP).

## Notification

The campus behavior coordinator (CBC) will promptly notify a student's parent by phone or in person of any violation that may result in in-school or out-of-school suspension, placement in a DAEP, placement in a JJAEP, or expulsion. The campus behavior coordinator (CBC) shall also notify a student's parent if the student is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer under the disciplinary provisions of the Education Code.

A good-faith effort shall be made on the day the action was taken to provide to the student for delivery to the student's parent written notification of the disciplinary action. If the parent has not been reached by telephone or in person by 5:00 p.m. of the first business day after the day the disciplinary action was taken, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) shall send written notification by U.S. Mail. If the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) is not able to provide notice to the parent, the principal or designee shall provide the notice.

Before the principal or appropriate administrator assigns a student under 18 to detention outside regular school hours, notice shall be given to the student's parent to inform him or her of the reason for the detention and permit arrangements for necessary transportation.

## Appeals

Questions from parents regarding disciplinary measures should be addressed to the teacher, campus administration, or campus behavior coordinator (CBC), as appropriate. Appeals or complaints regarding the use of specific discipline management techniques should be addressed in accordance with [policy FNG\(LOCAL\)](#). A copy of the policy may be obtained from the principal's office, the campus behavior coordinator's (CBC) office, the central administration office, or on the district's website under School Board Policy at [www.redoakisd.org](http://www.redoakisd.org).

The district shall not delay a disciplinary consequence while a student or parent pursues a grievance. In the instance of a student who is accused of conduct that meets the definition of sexual harassment as defined by Title IX, the district will comply with applicable federal law, including the Title IX formal complaint process. See policies FFH(LEGAL) and (LOCAL).

## Removal from the School Bus

A bus driver may refer a student to the principal, campus behavior coordinator (CBC), or designated district administrator's office to maintain effective discipline on the bus. The principal, campus behavior coordinator (CBC), or designated district administrator must employ additional discipline management techniques, as appropriate, which can include restricting or revoking a student's bus riding privileges.

Since the district's primary responsibility in transporting students in district vehicles is to do so as safely as possible, the operator of the vehicle must focus on driving and not have his or her attention distracted by student misbehavior. Therefore, when appropriate disciplinary management techniques fail to improve student behavior or when specific misconduct warrants immediate removal, the principal, campus behavior coordinator (CBC), or designated district administrator may restrict or revoke a student's transportation privileges, in accordance with law.

## Removal from the Regular Educational Setting

In addition to other discipline management techniques, misconduct may result in removal from the regular educational setting in the form of a routine referral or a formal removal.

### Routine Referral

A routine referral occurs when a teacher sends a student to the campus behavior coordinator's (CBC) office as a discipline management technique. The campus behavior coordinator (CBC) shall employ alternative discipline management techniques, including progressive interventions. A teacher or administrator may remove a student from class for a behavior that violates this Code of Conduct to maintain effective discipline in the classroom.

### Formal Removal

A teacher may also initiate a formal removal from class if:

1. The student's behavior has been documented by the teacher as repeatedly interfering with the teacher's ability to teach his or her class or with the student's classmates' ability to learn; or
2. The behavior is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that the teacher cannot teach, and the students in the classroom cannot learn.

Within three school days of the formal removal, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or appropriate administrator will schedule a conference with the student's parent, the student, the teacher who removed the student from class, and any other appropriate administrator.

At the conference, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or appropriate administrator shall inform the student of the alleged misconduct and the proposed consequences. The student shall have an opportunity to respond to the allegations.

When a student is removed from the regular classroom by a teacher and a conference is pending, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or other administrator may place the student in:

- Another appropriate classroom.
- In-school suspension (ISS).
- Out-of-school suspension.
- DAEP.

A teacher or administrator must remove a student from class if the student engages in behavior that under the Education Code requires or permits the student to be placed in a DAEP or expelled. When removing for those reasons, the procedures in the subsequent sections on DAEP or expulsion shall be followed.

## Returning a Student to the Classroom

A student who has been formally removed from class by a teacher for conduct against the teacher containing the elements of assault, aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault may not be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent.

A student who has been formally removed by a teacher for any other conduct may be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent if the placement review committee determines that the teacher's class is the best or only alternative available.

## Out-of-School Suspension

### Misconduct

Students may be suspended for any behavior listed in the Code of Conduct as a general conduct violation, DAEP offense, or expellable offense.

The district shall not use out-of-school suspension for students in grade 2 or below unless the conduct meets the requirements established in law.

A student below grade 3 or a student who is homeless shall not be placed in out-of-school suspension unless, while on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property, the student engages in:

- Conduct that contains the elements of a weapons offense, as provided in Penal Code Section 46.02 or 46.05;
- Conduct that contains the elements of assault, sexual assault, aggravated assault, or aggravated sexual assault, as provided by the Penal Code; or
- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person or possessing, using, or being under the influence of any amount of marijuana, an alcoholic beverage, or a controlled substance or dangerous drug as defined by federal or state law.

The district shall use a positive behavior program as a disciplinary alternative for students below grade 3 who commit general conduct violations instead of suspension or placement in a DAEP. The program shall meet the requirements of law.

### Process

State law allows a student to be suspended for no more than three school days per behavior violation, with no limit on

the number of times a student may be suspended in a semester or school year. Before being suspended a student will have an informal conference with the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or appropriate administrator, who shall advise the student of the alleged misconduct. The student shall have the opportunity to respond to the allegation before the administrator makes a decision.

The campus behavior coordinator (CBC) shall determine the number of days of a student's suspension, not to exceed three school days. While suspended, a student may not participate in or attend any school-sponsored activity.

In deciding whether to order out-of-school suspension, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see glossary),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

## Coursework during Suspension

The district shall ensure a student receives access to coursework for foundation curriculum courses while the student is placed in in-school or out-of-school suspension, including at least one method of receiving this coursework that doesn't require the use of the internet.

A student removed from the regular classroom to in-school suspension (ISS) or another setting, other than a DAEP, will have an opportunity to complete before the beginning of the next school year each course the student was enrolled in at the time of removal from the regular classroom. The district may provide the opportunity by any method available, including a correspondence course, another distance learning option, or summer school. The district will not charge the student for any method of completion provided by the district.

## Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP) Placement

The DAEP shall be provided in a setting other than the student's regular classroom. An elementary school student may not be placed in a DAEP with a student who is not an elementary school student.

For purposes of DAEP, elementary classification shall be kindergarten–grade 5 and secondary classification shall be grades 6–12.

Summer programs provided by the district may serve students assigned to a DAEP in conjunction with other students.

A student who is expelled for an offense that otherwise would have resulted in a DAEP placement does not have to be placed in DAEP in addition to the expulsion.

In deciding whether to place a student in a DAEP, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) will take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see glossary),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

## Discretionary Placement: Misconduct That May Result in DAEP Placement

A student may be placed in a DAEP for behaviors prohibited in the General Conduct Violations section of this Code of Conduct.

### *Misconduct Identified in State Law*

In accordance with state law, a student may be placed in a DAEP for any one of the following offenses:

- Engaging in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide.
- Inciting violence against a student through group bullying.
- Releasing or threatening to release intimate visual material of a minor or a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
- Involvement in a public school fraternity, sorority, or secret society, including participating as a member or pledge, or soliciting another person to become a pledge or member of a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang. (See glossary.)
- Involvement in street gang activity, including participation as a member or pledge, or soliciting another person to become a pledge or member of a gang. (See glossary.)
- Any criminal mischief, including a felony.
- Exhausting all consequences of the campus discipline plan due to serious and persistent misconduct.
- Any incident of fighting.
- Assault (no bodily injury) with threat of imminent bodily injury.
- Assault by offensive or provocative physical contact.

In accordance with state law, a student may be placed in a DAEP if the superintendent or the superintendent's designee has reasonable belief (see glossary) that the student has engaged in conduct punishable as a felony, other than aggravated robbery or those listed as offenses in Title 5 (see glossary) of the Penal Code, that occurs off school property and not at a school-sponsored or school-related event, if the student's presence in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.

The campus behavior coordinator (CBC) may, but is not required to, place a student in a DAEP for off-campus conduct for which DAEP placement is required by state law if the administrator does not have knowledge of the conduct before the first anniversary of the date the conduct occurred.

## Mandatory Placement: Misconduct That Requires DAEP Placement

A student must be placed in a DAEP if the student:

- Engages in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school. (See glossary.)
- Commits the following offenses on school property or within 300 feet of school property as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:
  - Engages in conduct punishable as a felony.
  - Commits an assault (see glossary) under Penal Code 22.01(a)(1).
  - Sells, gives, or delivers to another person, or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of a controlled substance or dangerous drug in an amount not constituting a felony offense. (School-related felony drug offenses are addressed in the Expulsion section.) (See glossary for "under the influence," "controlled substance," and "dangerous drug.")
  - Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of marijuana or THC. A student with a valid prescription for low-THC cannabis as authorized by Chapter 487 of the Health and Safety Code does not violate this provision.

- Sells, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic beverage; commits a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol; or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of alcohol.
- Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals.
- Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses or uses an e-cigarette.
- Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of the offense of public lewdness or indecent exposure. (See glossary.)
- Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense of harassment against an employee under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), (2), (3), or (7).
- Engages in expellable conduct and is six to nine years of age.
- Commits a federal firearms violation and is younger than six years of age.
- Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of retaliation against any school employee or volunteer on or off school property. (Committing retaliation in combination with another expellable offense is addressed in the Expulsion section.)
- Engages in conduct punishable as aggravated robbery or a felony listed under Title 5 (see glossary) of the Penal Code when the conduct occurs off school property and not at a school-sponsored or school-related event and:
  1. The student receives deferred prosecution (see glossary),
  2. A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delinquent conduct (see glossary), or
  3. The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief (see glossary) that the student engaged in the conduct.

## Sexual Assault and Campus Assignments

A student shall be transferred to another campus if:

- The student has been convicted of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual or convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication for sexual assault or aggravated sexual assault against another student on the same campus; and
- The victim's parent or another person with the authority to act on behalf of the victim requests that the board transfer the offending student to another campus in the district.

If there is no other campus in the district serving the grade level of the offending student, the offending student shall be transferred to a DAEP.

## Process

Removals to a DAEP will be made by the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or appropriate administrator.

### Conference

When a student is removed from class for a DAEP offense, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or appropriate administrator will schedule a conference within three school days with the student's parent, the student, and the teacher, in the case of a teacher removal.

At the conference, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or appropriate administrator will inform the student, orally or in writing, of the reasons for the removal and will give the student an explanation of the basis for the removal and an opportunity to respond to the reasons for the removal.

Following valid attempts to require attendance, the district may hold the conference and make a placement decision regardless of whether the student or the student's parents attend the conference.



## *Consideration of Mitigating Factors*

In deciding whether to place a student in a DAEP, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see glossary),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

## *Placement Order*

After the conference, if the student is placed in the DAEP, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) will write a placement order. A copy of the DAEP placement order and information for the parent or person standing in parental relation to the student regarding the process for requesting a full individual and initial evaluation of the student for purposes of special education services shall be sent to the student and the student's parent.

Not later than the second business day after the conference, the board's designee will deliver to the juvenile court a copy of the placement order and all information required by Section 52.04 of the Family Code.

If the student is placed in the DAEP and the length of placement is inconsistent with the guidelines included in this Code of Conduct, the placement order will give notice of the inconsistency.

## *DAEP at Capacity*

If a DAEP is at capacity at the time the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) is deciding placement for conduct related to marijuana, THC, an e-cigarette, alcohol, or an abusable volatile chemical, the student shall be placed in in-school suspension (ISS) then transferred to a DAEP for the remainder of the period if space becomes available before the expiration of the period of the placement.

If a DAEP is at capacity at the time the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) is deciding placement for a student who engaged in violent conduct, a student placed in a DAEP for conduct related to marijuana, THC, an e-cigarette, alcohol, or an abusable volatile chemical may be placed in in-school suspension (ISS) to make a position in the DAEP available for the student who engaged in violent conduct. If a position becomes available in a DAEP before the expiration of the period of the placement for the student removed, the student shall be returned to a DAEP for the remainder of the period.

## *Coursework Notice*

The parent or guardian of a student placed in DAEP shall be given written notice of the student's opportunity to complete a foundation curriculum course in which the student was enrolled at the time of removal and which is required for graduation, at no cost to the student. The notice shall include information regarding all methods available for completing the coursework.

## *Length of Placement*

The campus behavior coordinator (CBC) shall determine the duration of a student's placement in a DAEP.

The duration of a student's placement shall be determined case by case based on the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misconduct, the student's attitude, and statutory requirements.

The following are suggestions for length of placement within the Red Oak ISD DAEP:



### *Elementary*

- 15 days for discretionary placement for students in grades K-5 that consists primarily of persistent misconduct displayed on campus and for which the campus discipline plan has been applied to the stage where removal from campus and placement in DAEP is indicated. The second (2nd) discretionary campus removal and program assignment could be for 30 days. A student who is disciplined for fighting on campus on two (2) separate and distinct instances could be placed in DAEP for 30 days. With elementary students K-5, the management of fighting on campus may include other consequences in lieu of placement in DAEP at principal discretion.

### *Secondary*

- 5-15 days of discretionary placement for the first incident of fighting in grades 6-12. A student who is disciplined for fighting on campus in two (2) separate and distinct instances could be placed in DAEP for 30 days.
- 30 days for discretionary placement for secondary students (grades 6-12) that consists primarily of persistent misconduct displayed on campus and for which the campus discipline plan has been applied to the stage where removal from campus and placement in DAEP is indicated. The second (2nd) discretionary campus removal and program assignment could be for 60 days.
- 60 days minimum time for the 2nd time a student is sent to DAEP within a school academic year. If the reason for program referral for the 2nd time is for an offense other than continued violation of the code of conduct, then the length of placement could correspond to the more serious offense and the corresponding time assignment. A student who is assigned to DAEP for a 2nd placement during the academic school year either for discretionary or mandatory reasons will be ineligible for the early release incentive.

### *All Grade Levels*

- Extended time for Felony Behavior: Crimes against persons – 120 days; Drug & Alcohol crimes – 90 days; Property crimes – 60 days.
- Mid-range time for non-felony antisocial behavior: Drugs, alcohol, threats and/or assaults against persons – 60 days. A threat against a person may be classified as Level 1 or Level 2 as a function of the campus administrator's determination of the student's ability and/or means whereby the threat is feasible or might be accomplished. A Level 1 threat is a 30-day DAEP assignment and signifies the administrator's decision that the means of the student following-through on the threat is of low-probability. Conversely, a Level 2 threat is a 60-day placement and signifies the administrator's evaluation that the student's means of follow-through on the threat is feasible or of high probability.
- Gang activity, identifiable gang clothing or styles, recognizable gang signs or other forms of gang communication, including implied intimidation, gang associated fights, graffiti, and/or attempts at recruitment – 60 days; Vandalism & theft – 60 days; Terroristic threats to damage property or to harm students and/or staff – 60 days.

The maximum period of DAEP placement shall be one calendar year except as provided below.

Unless otherwise specified in the placement order, days absent from a DAEP shall not count toward fulfilling the total number of days required in a student's DAEP placement order.

The district shall administer the required pre- and post-assessments for students assigned to DAEP for a period of 90 days or longer in accordance with established district administrative procedures for administering other diagnostic or benchmark assessments.

### *Exceeds One Year*

Placement in a DAEP may exceed one year when a review by the district determines that the student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees.

The statutory limitations on the length of a DAEP placement do not apply to a placement resulting from the board's decision to place a student who engaged in the sexual assault of another student so that the students are not assigned to the same campus.

### *Exceeds School Year*

Students who commit offenses requiring placement in a DAEP at the end of one school year may be required to continue that placement at the start of the next school year to complete the assigned term of placement.

For placement in a DAEP to extend beyond the end of the school year, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or the board's designee must determine that:

1. The student's presence in the regular classroom or campus presents a danger of physical harm to the student or others, or
2. The student has engaged in serious or persistent misbehavior (see glossary) that violates the district's Code of Conduct.

### *Exceeds 60 Days*

For placement in a DAEP to extend beyond 60 days or the end of the next grading period, whichever is sooner, a student's parent will be given notice and the opportunity to participate in a proceeding before the board or the board's designee.

## Appeals

Questions or complaints from parents regarding disciplinary measures should be addressed to the campus administration.

Student or parent appeals regarding a student's placement in a DAEP should be addressed in accordance with [policy FNG\(LOCAL\)](#). A copy of this policy may be obtained from the principal's office, the campus behavior coordinator's (CBC) office, the central administration office, or under the School Board Policy link on the district website at [www.redoakisd.org](http://www.redoakisd.org).

Appeals shall begin at Level One with the principal.

The district shall not delay disciplinary consequences pending the outcome of an appeal. The decision to place a student in a DAEP cannot be appealed beyond the board.

## Restrictions during Placement

The district does not permit a student who is placed in a DAEP to participate in any school-sponsored or school-related extracurricular or co-curricular activity, including seeking or holding honorary positions and/or membership in school-sponsored clubs and organizations.

A student placed in a DAEP shall not be provided transportation unless he or she is a student with a disability who is entitled to transportation in accordance with the student's IEP or Section 504 plan.

For seniors who are eligible to graduate and are assigned to a DAEP at the time of graduation, the last day of placement in the program will be the last instructional day, and the student will be allowed to participate in the graduation

ceremony and related graduation activities unless otherwise specified in the DAEP placement order.

## Placement Review

A student placed in a DAEP will be provided a review of his or her status, including academic status, by the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or the board's designee at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the case of a high school student, the student's progress toward graduation and the student's graduation plan will also be reviewed. At the review, the student or the student's parent will be given the opportunity to present arguments for the student's return to the regular classroom or campus. The student may not be returned to the classroom of a teacher who removed the student without that teacher's consent.

## Additional Misconduct

If during the term of placement in a DAEP the student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted, and the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) may enter an additional disciplinary order as a result of those proceedings.

## Notice of Criminal Proceedings

When a student is placed in a DAEP for certain offenses, the office of the prosecuting attorney will notify the district if:

1. Prosecution of a student's case was refused for lack of prosecutorial merit or insufficient evidence and no formal proceedings, deferred adjudication (see glossary), or deferred prosecution will be initiated; or
2. The court or jury found a student not guilty, or made a finding that the student did not engage in delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision, and the case was dismissed with prejudice.

If a student was placed in a DAEP for such conduct, on receiving the notice from the prosecutor, the superintendent or designee will review the student's placement and schedule a review with the student's parent not later than the third day after the superintendent or designee receives notice from the prosecutor. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the review.

After reviewing the notice and receiving information from the student's parent, the superintendent or designee may continue the student's placement if there is reason to believe that the presence of the student in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers.

The student or the student's parent may appeal the superintendent's decision to the board. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal. In the case of an appeal, the board will, at the next scheduled meeting, review the notice from the prosecutor and receive information from the student, the student's parent, and the superintendent or designee, and confirm or reverse the decision of the superintendent or designee. The board will make a record of the proceedings.

If the board confirms the decision of the superintendent or designee, the student and the student's parent may appeal to the Commissioner of Education. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal.

## Withdrawal during Process

When a student violates the district's Code of Conduct in a way that requires or permits the student to be placed in a DAEP and the student withdraws from the district before a placement order is completed, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) may complete the proceedings and issue a placement order. If the student then re-enrolls in the district during the same or a subsequent school year, the district may enforce the order at that time, less any period of the placement that has been served by the student during enrollment in another district. If the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or the board fails to issue a placement order after the student withdraws, the next district in which

the student enrolls may complete the proceedings and issue a placement order.

## Newly Enrolled Students

The district shall continue the DAEP placement of a student who enrolls in the district and was assigned to DAEP in an open-enrollment charter school or another district.

A newly enrolled student with a DAEP placement from a district in another state will be placed as any other newly enrolled student if the behavior committed is a reason for DAEP placement in the receiving district.

If the student was placed in a DAEP by a school district in another state for a period that exceeds one year, this district, by state law, will reduce the period of the placement so that the total placement does not exceed one year. After a review, however, the placement may be extended beyond a year if the district determines that the student is a threat to the safety of other students or employees or the extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

## Emergency Placement Procedure

When an emergency placement is necessary because the student's behavior is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that it seriously interferes with classroom or school operations, the student will be given oral notice of the reason for the action. Not later than the tenth day after the date of the placement, the student will be given the appropriate conference required for assignment to a DAEP.

## Transition Services

In accordance with law and district procedures, campus staff shall provide transition services to a student returning to the regular classroom from an alternative education program, including a DAEP. [See [policy FOCA\(LEGAL\)](#) for more information.]

## Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Serious Offenses

This section includes two categories of serious offenses for which the Education Code provides unique procedures and specific consequences.

## Registered Sex Offenders

Upon receiving notification in accordance with state law that a student is currently required to register as a sex offender, the district must remove the student from the regular classroom and determine appropriate placement unless the court orders JJAEP placement.

If the student is under any form of court supervision, including probation, community supervision, or parole, the placement will be in either DAEP or JJAEP for at least one semester.

If the student is not under any form of court supervision, the placement may be in DAEP or JJAEP for one semester or the placement may be in a regular classroom. The placement may not be in the regular classroom if the board or its designee determines that the student's presence:

1. Threatens the safety of other students or teachers,
2. Will be detrimental to the educational process, or
3. Is not in the best interests of the district's students.

## Review Committee

At the end of the first semester of a student's placement in an alternative educational setting and before the beginning of each school year for which the student remains in an alternative placement, the district shall convene a committee, in accordance with state law, to review the student's placement. The committee will recommend whether the student

should return to the regular classroom or remain in the placement. Absent a special finding, the board or its designee must follow the committee's recommendation.

The placement review of a student with a disability who receives special education services must be made by the ARD committee.

### *Newly Enrolled Student*

If a student enrolls in the district during a mandatory placement as a registered sex offender, the district may count any time already spent by the student in a placement or may require an additional semester in an alternative placement without conducting a review of the placement.

### *Appeal*

A student or the student's parent may appeal the placement by requesting a conference between the board or its designee, the student, and the student's parent. The conference is limited to the factual question of whether the student is required to register as a sex offender. Any decision of the board or its designee under this section is final and may not be appealed.

### *Certain Felonies*

Regardless of whether DAEP placement or expulsion is required or permitted by one of the reasons in the DAEP Placement or Expulsion sections, in accordance with Education Code 37.0081, a student may be expelled and placed in either DAEP or JJAEP if the board or campus behavior coordinator (CBC) makes certain findings and the following circumstances exist in relation to a felony offense under Title 5 (see glossary) of the Penal Code. The student must have:

- Received deferred prosecution for conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense;
- Been found by a court or jury to have engaged in delinquent conduct for conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense;
- Been charged with engaging in conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense;
- Been referred to a juvenile court for allegedly engaging in delinquent conduct for conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense; or
- Received probation or deferred adjudication or have been arrested for, charged with, or convicted of aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense.

The district may expel the student and order placement under these circumstances regardless of:

1. The date on which the student's conduct occurred,
2. The location at which the conduct occurred,
3. Whether the conduct occurred while the student was enrolled in the district, or
4. Whether the student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements imposed in connection with the conduct.

### *Hearing and Required Findings*

The student must first have a hearing before the board or its designee, who must determine that in addition to the circumstances above that allow for the expulsion, the student's presence in the regular classroom:

1. Threatens the safety of other students or teachers,
2. Will be detrimental to the educational process, or
3. Is not in the best interest of the district's students.

Any decision of the board or the board's designee under this section is final and may not be appealed.

## *Length of Placement*

The student is subject to the placement until:

1. The student graduates from high school,
2. The charges are dismissed or reduced to a misdemeanor offense, or
3. The student completes the term of the placement or is assigned to another program.

## *Placement Review*

A student placed in a DAEP or JJAEP under these circumstances is entitled to a review of his or her status, including academic status, by the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or board's designee at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the case of a high school student, the student's progress toward graduation and the student's graduation plan shall also be reviewed. At the review, the student or the student's parent shall have the opportunity to present arguments for the student's return to the regular classroom or campus.

## *Newly Enrolled Students*

A student who enrolls in the district before completing a placement under this section from another school district must complete the term of the placement.

## **Expulsion**

In deciding whether to order expulsion, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) will take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see glossary),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

## **Discretionary Expulsion: Misconduct That May Result in Expulsion**

Some of the following types of misconduct may result in mandatory placement in a DAEP, whether or not a student is expelled. (See DAEP Placement)

## *Any Location*

A student may be expelled for:

- Engaging in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide.
- Inciting violence against a student through group bullying.
- Releasing or threatening to release intimate visual material of a minor or a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
- Conduct that contains the elements of assault under Penal Code 22.01(a)(1) in retaliation against a school employee or volunteer.
- Criminal mischief, if punishable as a felony.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of one of the following offenses against another student:
  - Aggravated assault.
  - Sexual assault.
  - Aggravated sexual assault.

- Murder.
- Capital murder.
- Criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
- Aggravated robbery.
- Breach of computer security. (See glossary)
- Engaging in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school.

### *At School, Within 300 Feet, or at a School Event*

A student may be expelled for committing any of the following offenses on or within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person, or possessing, using, or being under the influence of any amount of marijuana, a controlled substance, or a dangerous drug. A student with a valid prescription for low-THC cannabis as authorized by Chapter 487 of the Health and Safety Code does not violate this provision. (See glossary for "under the influence.")
- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person, or possessing, using, or being under the influence of alcohol; or committing a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of assault under Penal Code 22.01(a)(1) against an employee or a volunteer.
- Engaging in deadly conduct. (See glossary.)

### *Within 300 Feet of School*

A student may be expelled for engaging in the following conduct while within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line:

- Aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault.
- Arson. (See glossary.)
- Murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
- Indecency with a child.
- Aggravated kidnapping.
- Manslaughter.
- Criminally negligent homicide.
- Aggravated robbery.
- Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual.
- Felony controlled substance or dangerous drug offenses, not including THC.
- Unlawfully carrying on or about the student's person a handgun or a location-restricted knife, as these terms are defined by state law. (See glossary.)
- Possessing, manufacturing, transporting, repairing, or selling a prohibited weapon, as defined by state law. (See glossary.)
- Possession of a firearm, as defined by federal law. (See glossary.)

### *Property of Another District*

A student may be expelled for committing any offense that is a state-mandated expellable offense if the offense is committed on the property of another district in Texas or while the student is attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity of a school in another district in Texas.

### *While in DAEP*

A student may be expelled for engaging in documented serious misbehavior that violates the district's Code of Conduct, despite documented behavioral interventions while placed in a DAEP. For purposes of discretionary expulsion from a DAEP, serious misbehavior means:

1. Deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;
2. Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;
3. Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code; or
4. Conduct that constitutes the offense of:
  - a. Public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07;
  - b. Indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08;
  - c. Criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03;
  - d. Hazing under Education Code 37.152; or
  - e. Harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1) of a student or district employee.

### **Mandatory Expulsion: Misconduct That Requires Expulsion**

A student must be expelled under federal or state law for any of the following offenses that occur on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

#### *Under Federal Law*

- Bringing to school or possessing at school, including any setting that is under the district's control or supervision for the purpose of a school activity, a firearm, as defined by federal law. (See glossary.)

**Note:** Mandatory expulsion under the federal Gun Free Schools Act does not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored inside a locked vehicle, or to firearms used in activities approved and authorized by the district when the district has adopted appropriate safeguards to ensure student safety.

#### *Under the Penal Code*

- Unlawfully carrying on or about the student's person the following, in the manner prohibited by Penal Code 46.02:
  - A handgun, defined by state law as any firearm designed, made, or adapted to be used with one hand. (See glossary.) Note: A student may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's use, exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs at an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus, while participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored, shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wildlife Department, or a shooting sports sanctioning organization working with the department. [See [policy FNCG\(LEGAL\)](#).]
  - A location-restricted knife, as defined by state law. (See glossary.)
- Possessing, manufacturing, transporting, repairing, or selling a prohibited weapon, as defined in state law. (See glossary.)
- Behaving in a manner that contains elements of the following offenses under the Penal Code:
  - Aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault.
  - Arson. (See glossary.)
  - Murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
  - Indecency with a child.
  - Aggravated kidnapping.
  - Aggravated robbery.



- Manslaughter.
- Criminally negligent homicide.
- Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual.
- Behavior punishable as a felony that involves selling, giving, or delivering to another person, or possessing, using, or being under the influence of a controlled substance or a dangerous drug.
- Engaging in retaliation against a school employee or volunteer combined with one of the above-listed mandatory expulsion offenses.

## Under Age Ten

When a student under the age of ten engages in behavior that is expellable behavior, the student will not be expelled, but will be placed in a DAEP. A student under age six will not be placed in a DAEP unless the student commits a federal firearm offense.

### Process

If a student is believed to have committed an expellable offense, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or other appropriate administrator will schedule a hearing within a reasonable time. The student's parent will be invited in writing to attend the hearing.

Until a hearing can be held, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or other administrator may place the student in:

- Another appropriate classroom.
- In-school suspension (ISS).
- Out-of-school suspension.
- DAEP.

### Hearing

A student facing expulsion will be given a hearing with appropriate due process. The student is entitled to:

1. Representation by the student's parent or another adult who can provide guidance to the student and who is not an employee of the district,
2. An opportunity to testify and to present evidence and witnesses in the student's defense, and
3. An opportunity to question the district's witnesses.

After providing notice to the student and parent of the hearing, the district may hold the hearing regardless of whether the student or the student's parent attends.

The board of trustees delegates to the Red Oak Independent School District Superintendent or his designee the authority to conduct hearings and expel students.

### Board Review of Expulsion

After the due process hearing, the expelled student may request that the board review the expulsion decisions. The student or parent must submit a written request to the superintendent within seven days after receipt of the written decision. The superintendent must provide the student or parent written notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting at which the board will review the decision.

The board shall review the record of the expulsion hearing in a closed meeting unless the parent requests in writing that the matter be held in an open meeting. The board may also hear a statement from the student or parent and from the board's designee.

The board shall hear statements made by the parties at the review and shall base its decision on evidence reflected in the record and any statements made by the parties at the review. The board shall make and communicate its decision

orally at the conclusion of the presentation. Consequences shall not be deferred pending the outcome of the hearing.

### *Expulsion Order*

Before ordering the expulsion, the board or campus behavior coordinator (CBC) shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see glossary),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

If the student is expelled, the board or its designee will deliver to the student and the student's parent a copy of the order expelling the student.

Not later than the second business day after the hearing, the principal or designee will deliver to the juvenile court a copy of the expulsion order and the information required by Section 52.04 of the Family Code.

If the length of the expulsion is inconsistent with the guidelines included in the Code of Conduct, the expulsion order will give notice of the inconsistency.

### *Length of Expulsion*

The length of an expulsion will be correlated to the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misbehavior, the student's attitude, and statutory requirements.

The duration of a student's expulsion will be determined on a case-by-case basis. The maximum period of expulsion is one calendar year except as provided below.

An expulsion may not exceed one year unless, after review, the district determines that:

1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees, or
2. Extended expulsion is in the best interest of the student.

State and federal law require a student to be expelled from the regular classroom for a period of at least one calendar year for bringing a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. However, the superintendent or other appropriate administrator may modify the length of the expulsion on a case-by-case basis.

Students who commit offenses that require expulsion at the end of one school year may be expelled into the next school year to complete the term of expulsion.

### *Withdrawal during Process*

When a student has violated the district's code in a way that requires or permits expulsion from the district and the student withdraws from the district before the expulsion hearing takes place, the district may conduct the hearing after sending written notice to the parent and student.

If the student then re-enrolls in the district during the same or subsequent school year, the district may enforce the expulsion order at that time, less any expulsion period that has been served by the student during enrollment in another district.

If the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or the board fails to issue an expulsion order after the student withdraws, the next district in which the student enrolls may complete the proceedings.

### *Additional Misconduct*

If during the expulsion, the student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted, and the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or the board may issue an additional disciplinary order as a result of those proceedings.

### *Restrictions during Expulsion*

Expelled students are prohibited from being on school grounds or attending school-sponsored or school-related activities during the period of expulsion.

No district academic credit will be earned for work missed during the period of expulsion unless the student is enrolled in a JJAEP or another district-approved program.

### *Newly Enrolled Students*

The district shall continue the expulsion of any newly enrolled student expelled from another district or an open-enrollment charter school until the period of the expulsion is completed.

If a student expelled in another state enrolls in the district, the district may continue the expulsion under the terms of the expulsion order, may place the student in a DAEP for the period specified in the order, or may allow the student to attend regular classes if:

1. The out-of-state district provides the district with a copy of the expulsion order, and
2. The offense resulting in the expulsion is also an expellable offense in the district in which the student is enrolling.

If a student is expelled by a district in another state for a period that exceeds one year and the district continues the expulsion or places the student in a DAEP, the district will reduce the period of the expulsion or DAEP placement so that the entire period does not exceed one year, unless after a review it is determined that:

1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or district employees, or
2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

## **Emergency Expulsion Procedures**

When an emergency expulsion is necessary to protect persons or property from imminent harm, the student will be given verbal notice of the reason for the action. Within ten days after the date of the emergency expulsion, the student will be given appropriate due process required for a student facing expulsion.

## **DAEP Placement of Expelled Students**

The district may provide educational services to any expelled student in a DAEP; however, educational services in the DAEP must be provided if the student is less than ten years of age.

## **Transition Services**

In accordance with law and district procedures, campus staff shall provide transition services for a student returning to the regular classroom from placement in an alternative education program, including a DAEP or JJAEP. [See policies [FOCA\(LEGAL\)](#) and [FODA\(LEGAL\)](#) for more information.]

## GLOSSARY

The glossary provides legal definitions and locally established definitions and is intended to assist in understanding terms related to the Student Code of Conduct.

**Abuse** is improper or excessive use.

**Aggravated robbery** is defined in part by Penal Code 29.03(a) as when a person commits robbery and:

1. Causes serious bodily injury to another;
2. Uses or exhibits a deadly weapon; or
3. Causes bodily injury to another person or threatens or places another person in fear of imminent bodily injury or death, if the other person is:
  - a. 65 years of age or older, or
  - b. A disabled person.

**Armor-piercing ammunition** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as handgun ammunition used in pistols and revolvers and designed primarily for the purpose of penetrating metal or body armor.

**Arson** is defined in part by Penal Code 28.02 as a crime that involves:

1. Starting a fire or causing an explosion with intent to destroy or damage:
  - a. Any vegetation, fence, or structure on open-space land; or
  - b. Any building, habitation, or vehicle:
    - 1) Knowing that it is within the limits of an incorporated city or town,
    - 2) Knowing that it is insured against damage or destruction,
    - 3) Knowing that it is subject to a mortgage or other security interest,
    - 4) Knowing that it is located on property belonging to another,
    - 5) Knowing that it has located within it property belonging to another, or
    - 6) When the person starting the fire is reckless about whether the burning or explosion will endanger the life of some individual or the safety of the property of another.
2. Recklessly starting a fire or causing an explosion while manufacturing or attempting to manufacture a controlled substance if the fire or explosion damages any building, habitation, or vehicle; or
3. Intentionally starting a fire or causing an explosion and in so doing:
  - a. Recklessly damaging or destroying a building belonging to another, or
  - b. Recklessly causing another person to suffer bodily injury or death.

**Assault** is defined in part by Penal Code 22.01(a)(1) as intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing bodily injury to another; §22.01(a)(2) as intentionally or knowingly threatening another with imminent bodily injury; and §22.01(a)(3) as intentionally or knowingly causing physical contact with another that can reasonably be regarded as offensive or provocative.

**Breach of Computer Security** includes knowingly accessing a computer, computer network, or computer system without the effective consent of the owner as defined in Penal Code 33.02, if the conduct involves accessing a computer, computer network, or computer system owned by or operated on behalf of a school district and the student knowingly alters, damages, or deletes school district property or information or commits a breach of any other computer, computer network, or computer system.

**Bullying** is defined in Section 37.0832 of the Education Code as a single significant act or a pattern of acts by one or more students directed at another student that exploits an imbalance of power and involves engaging in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic means, or physical conduct that:

1. Has the effect or will have the effect of physically harming a student, damaging a student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or of damage to the student's property;
2. Is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive enough that the action or threat creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment for a student;
3. Materially and substantially disrupts the educational process or the orderly operation of a classroom or school; or
4. Infringes on the rights of the victim at school.

Bullying includes cyberbullying. (See below.) This state law on bullying prevention applies to:

1. Bullying that occurs on or is delivered to school property or to the site of a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property;
2. Bullying that occurs on a publicly or privately owned school bus or vehicle being used for transportation of students to or from school or a school-sponsored or school-related activity; and
3. Cyberbullying that occurs off school property or outside of a school-sponsored or school-related activity if the cyberbullying interferes with a student's educational opportunities or substantially disrupts the orderly operation of a classroom, school, or school-sponsored or school-related activity.

**Chemical dispensing device** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a device designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of dispensing a substance capable of causing an adverse psychological or physiological effect on a human being. A small chemical dispenser sold commercially for personal protection is not in this category.

**Club** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as an instrument, specially designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury or death by striking a person with the instrument, and includes but is not limited to a blackjack, nightstick, mace, and tomahawk.

**Controlled substance** means a substance, including a drug, an adulterant, and a dilutant, listed in Schedules I through V or Penalty Group 1, 1-A, 1-B, 2, 2-A, 3, or 4 of the Texas Controlled Substances Act. The term includes the aggregate weight of any mixture, solution, or other substance containing a controlled substance. The term does not include hemp, as defined by Agriculture Code 121.001, or the tetrahydrocannabinols (THC) in hemp.

**Criminal street gang** is defined by Penal Code 71.01 as three or more persons having a common identifying sign or symbol or an identifiable leadership who continuously or regularly associate in the commission of criminal activities.

**Cyberbullying** is defined by Section 37.0832 of the Education Code as bullying that is done through the use of any electronic communication device, including through the use of a cellular or other type of telephone, a computer, a camera, electronic mail, instant messaging, text messaging, a social media application, an Internet website, or any other Internet-based communication tool.

**Dangerous drug** is defined by Health and Safety Code 483.001 as a device or a drug that is unsafe for self-medication and that is not included in Schedules I through V or Penalty Groups 1 through 4 of the Texas Controlled Substances Act. The term includes a device or drug that federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription or restricts to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

**Dating violence** occurs when a person in a current or past dating relationship uses physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another person in the relationship. Dating violence also occurs when a person commits these acts against a person in a marriage or dating relationship with the individual who is or was once in a marriage or dating relationship with the person committing the offense, as defined by Section 71.0021 of the Family Code.

**Deadly conduct** under Penal Code 22.05 occurs when a person recklessly engages in conduct that places another in imminent danger of serious bodily injury, such as knowingly discharging a firearm in the direction of an individual,

habitation, building, or vehicle.

**Deferred adjudication** is an alternative to seeking a conviction in court that may be offered to a juvenile for delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.

**Deferred prosecution** may be offered to a juvenile as an alternative to seeking a conviction in court for delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.

**Delinquent conduct** is conduct that violates either state or federal law and is punishable by imprisonment or confinement in jail. It includes conduct that violates certain juvenile court orders, including probation orders, but does not include violations of traffic laws.

**Discretionary** means that something is left to or regulated by a local decision maker.

**E-cigarette** means an electronic cigarette or any other device that simulates smoking by using a mechanical heating element, battery, or electronic circuit to deliver nicotine or other substances to the individual inhaling from the device or a consumable liquid solution or other material aerosolized or vaporized during the use of an electronic cigarette or other device described by this provision. The term includes any device that is manufactured, distributed, or sold as an e-cigarette, e-cigar, or e-pipe or under another product name or description and a component, part, or accessory for the device, regardless of whether the component, part, or accessory is sold separately from the device.

**Explosive weapon** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as any explosive or incendiary bomb, grenade, rocket, or mine and its delivery mechanism that is designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage, or for the principal purpose of causing such a loud report as to cause undue public alarm or terror.

**False Alarm or Report** under Penal Code 42.06 occurs when a person knowingly initiates, communicates, or circulates a report of a present, past, or future bombing, fire, offense, or other emergency that he or she knows is false or baseless and that would ordinarily:

1. Cause action by an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies;
2. Place a person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury; or
3. Prevent or interrupt the occupation of a building, room, or place of assembly.

**Firearm** is defined by federal law (18 U.S.C. 921(a)) as:

1. Any weapon (including a starter gun) that will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive;
2. The frame or receiver of any such weapon;
3. Any firearm muffler or firearm silencer, defined as any device for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm; or
4. Any destructive device, such as any explosive, incendiary or poison gas bomb, or

grenade. Such term does not include an antique firearm.

**Graffiti** includes markings with paint, an indelible pen or marker, or an etching or engraving device on tangible property without the effective consent of the owner. The markings may include inscriptions, slogans, drawings, or paintings.

**Handgun** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as any firearm that is designed, made, or adapted to be fired with one hand.

**Harassment** includes:

1. Conduct that meets the definition established in district policies [DIA\(LOCAL\)](#) and [FFH\(LOCAL\)](#);
2. Conduct that threatens to cause harm or bodily injury to another person, including a district student, employee, board member, or volunteer; is sexually intimidating; causes physical damage to the property

of another student; subjects another student to physical confinement or restraint; or maliciously and substantially harms another student's physical or emotional health or safety, as defined in Section 37.001(b)(2) of the Education Code; or

3. Conduct that is punishable as a crime under Penal Code 42.07, including the following types of conduct if carried out with the intent to harass, annoy, alarm, abuse, torment, or embarrass another:
  - a. Initiating communication and, in the course of the communication, making a comment, request, suggestion, or proposal that is obscene, as defined by law;
  - b. Threatening, in a manner reasonably likely to alarm the person receiving the threat, to inflict bodily injury on the person or to commit a felony against the person, a member of the person's family or household, or the person's property;
  - c. Conveying, in a manner reasonably likely to alarm the person receiving the report, a false report, which is known by the conveyor to be false, that another person has suffered death or serious bodily injury;
  - d. Causing the telephone of another to ring repeatedly or making repeated telephone communications anonymously or in a manner reasonably likely to harass, annoy, alarm, abuse, torment, embarrass, or offend another;
  - e. Making a telephone call and intentionally failing to hang up or disengage the connection;
  - f. Knowingly permitting a telephone under the person's control to be used by another to commit an offense under this section;
  - g. Sending repeated electronic communications in a manner reasonably likely to harass, annoy, alarm, abuse, torment, embarrass, or offend another;
  - h. Publishing on an internet website, including a social media platform, repeated electronic communications in a manner reasonably likely to cause emotional distress, abuse, or torment to another person, unless the communications are made in connection with a matter of public concern, as defined by law; or
  - i. Making obscene, intimidating, or threatening telephone calls or other electronic communications from a temporary or disposable telephone number provided by an internet application or other technological means.

**Hazing** is defined by Section 37.151 of the Education Code as an intentional, knowing, or reckless act, on or off campus, by one person alone or acting with others, directed against a student for the purpose of pledging, initiation into, affiliation with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in a student organization if the act meets the elements in Education Code 37.151, including:

1. Any type of physical brutality;
2. An activity that subjects the student to an unreasonable risk of harm or that adversely affects the student's mental or physical health, such as sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement to small spaces, calisthenics, or consumption of food, liquids, drugs, or other substances;
3. An activity that induces, causes, or requires the student to perform a duty or task that violates the Penal Code; or
4. Coercing a student to consume a drug or alcoholic beverage in an amount that would lead a reasonable person to believe the student is intoxicated.

**Hit list** is defined in Section 37.001(b)(3) of the Education Code as a list of people targeted to be harmed, using a firearm, a knife, or any other object to be used with intent to cause bodily harm.

**Improvised explosive device** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a completed and operational bomb designed to cause serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage that is fabricated in an improvised manner using nonmilitary components.

**Indecent exposure** is defined by Penal Code 21.08 as an offense that occurs when a person exposes the person's anus or any part of the person's genitals with intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person, and is reckless about whether another is present who will be offended or alarmed by the act.

**Intimate visual material** is defined by Civil Practices and Remedies Code 98B.001 and Penal Code 21.16 as visual material that depicts a person with the person's intimate parts exposed or engaged in sexual conduct. "Visual material" means any film, photograph, video tape, negative, or slide of any photographic reproduction or any other physical medium that allows an image to be displayed on a computer or other video screen and any image transmitted to a computer or other video screen.

**Knuckles** means any instrument consisting of finger rings or guards made of a hard substance and designed or adapted for inflicting serious bodily injury or death by striking a person with a fist enclosed in the knuckles.

**Location-restricted knife** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a knife with a blade over five and one-half inches.

**Look-alike weapon** means an item that resembles a weapon but is not intended to be used to cause serious bodily injury.

**Machine gun** as defined by Penal Code 46.01 is any firearm that is capable of shooting more than two shots automatically, without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger.

**Mandatory** means that something is obligatory or required because of an authority.

**Paraphernalia** are devices that can be used for inhaling, ingesting, injecting, or otherwise introducing a controlled substance into a human body.

**Possession** means to have an item on one's person or in one's personal property, including but not limited to clothing, purse, or backpack; a private vehicle used for transportation to or from school or school-related activities, including, but not limited to, an automobile, truck, motorcycle, or bicycle; telecommunications or electronic devices; or any school property used by the student, including, but not limited to, a locker or desk.

**Prohibited weapon** under Penal Code 46.05(a) means:

1. The following items unless registered with the U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives or otherwise not subject to that registration requirement or unless the item is classified as a curio or relic by the U.S. Department of Justice:
  - a. An explosive weapon;
  - b. A machine gun;
  - c. A short-barrel firearm;
2. Knuckles;
3. Armor-piercing ammunition;
4. A chemical dispensing device;
5. A zip gun;
6. A tire deflation device; or
7. An improvised explosive device.



**Public Lewdness** is defined by Penal Code 21.07 as an offense that occurs when a person knowingly engages in an act of sexual intercourse, deviate sexual intercourse, or sexual contact in a public place or, if not in a public place, is reckless about whether another is present who will be offended or alarmed by the act.

**Public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang** means an organization composed wholly or in part of students that seeks to perpetuate itself by taking additional members from the students enrolled in school based on a decision of its membership rather than on the free choice of a qualified student. Educational organizations listed in Section 37.121(d) of the Education Code are exempted from this definition.

**Reasonable belief** is that which an ordinary person of average intelligence and sound mind would believe. Chapter 37 requires certain disciplinary decisions when the superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief that a student engaged in conduct punishable as a felony offense. In forming such a reasonable belief, the superintendent or designee may use all available information and must consider the information furnished in the notice of a student's arrest under Code of Criminal Procedure Article 15.27.

**Self-defense** is the use of force against another to the degree a person reasonably believes the force is immediately necessary to protect himself or herself.

**Serious misbehavior** means:

1. Deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;
2. Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;
3. Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code; or
4. Conduct that constitutes the offense of:
  - a. Public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07;
  - b. Indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08;
  - c. Criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03;
  - d. Hazing under Education Code 37.152; or
  - e. Harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1) of a student or district employee.

**Serious or persistent misbehavior** includes, but is not limited to:

- Behavior that is grounds for permissible expulsion or mandatory DAEP placement.
- Behavior identified by the district as grounds for discretionary DAEP placement.
- Actions or demonstrations that substantially disrupt or materially interfere with school activities.
- Refusal to attempt or complete school work as assigned.
- Insubordination.
- Profanity, vulgar language, or obscene gestures.
- Leaving school grounds without permission.
- Falsification of records, passes, or other school-related documents.
- Refusal to accept discipline assigned by the teacher or principal.

**Short-barrel firearm** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a rifle with a barrel length of less than 16 inches or a shotgun with a barrel length of less than 18 inches, or any weapon made from a rifle or shotgun that, as altered, has an overall length of less than 26 inches.

**Switchblade** is any knife with a blade that folds, closes, or retracts into the handle or sheath and that opens automatically by pressing a button or by the force of gravity or centrifugal force.

**Terroristic threat** is defined by Penal Code 22.07 as a threat of violence to any person or property with intent to:

1. Cause a reaction of any type by an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies;

2. Place any person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury;
3. Prevent or interrupt the occupation or use of a building; room, place of assembly, or place to which the public has access; place of employment or occupation; aircraft, automobile, or other form of conveyance; or other public place;
4. Cause impairment or interruption of public communications, public transportation, public water, gas, or power supply or other public service;
5. Place the public or a substantial group of the public in fear of serious bodily injury; or
6. Influence the conduct or activities of a branch or agency of the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision of the state (including the district).

**Tire deflation device** is defined in part by Penal Code 46.01 as a device, including a caltrop or spike strip, that, when driven over, impedes or stops the movement of a wheeled vehicle by puncturing one or more of the vehicle's tires.

**Title 5 felonies** are those crimes listed in Title 5 of the Penal Code that typically involve injury to a person and may include:

- Murder, manslaughter, or homicide under Sections 19.02, - .05;
- Kidnapping under Section 20.03;
- Trafficking of persons under Section 20A.02;
- Smuggling or continuous smuggling of persons under Sections 20.05 - .06;
- Assault under Section 22.01;
- Aggravated assault under Section 22.02;
- Sexual assault under Section 22.011;
- Aggravated sexual assault under Section 22.021;
- Unlawful restraint under Section 20.02;
- Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual under Section 21.02;
- Bestiality under Section 21.09;
- Improper relationship between educator and student under Section 21.12;
- Voyeurism under Section 21.17;
- Indecency with a child under Section 21.11;
- Invasive visual recording under Section 21.15;
- Disclosure or promotion of intimate visual material under Section 21.16;
- Sexual coercion under Section 21.18;
- Injury to a child, an elderly person, or a disabled person of any age under Section 22.04;
- Abandoning or endangering a child under Section 22.041;
- Deadly conduct under Section 22.05;
- Terroristic threat under Section 22.07;
- Aiding a person to commit suicide under Section 22.08; and
- Tampering with a consumer product under Section 22.09. [See policy FOC.]

**Under the influence** means lacking the normal use of mental or physical faculties. Impairment of a person's physical or mental faculties may be evidenced by a pattern of abnormal or erratic behavior, the presence of physical symptoms of drug or alcohol use, or by admission. A student "under the influence" need not be legally intoxicated to trigger disciplinary action.

**Use** means voluntarily introducing into one's body, by any means, a prohibited substance.

**Zip gun** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a device or combination of devices that was not originally a firearm and is adapted to expel a projectile through a smooth-bore or rifled-bore barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance.

# DISCIPLINE PLAN

## ELEMENTARY STUDENTS

Students who violate the district Student Code of Conduct shall be subject to disciplinary action. The district's disciplinary options include using one or more discipline management techniques, removal to a Disciplinary Alternative Education Program, suspension, and expulsion. Disciplinary measures are applied depending on the nature of the offense. More information about the district's Discipline Management Plan is available in the Student Code of Conduct.

Red Oak ISD is committed to establishing a high standard of learning within our students. When a student interrupts or stops that learning from taking place, a warning will be given. Only after the warning\* will further consequences be earned as determined by the school administration. \* (Note: Immediate consequences may be given when a student's behavior presents risk of harm to self or others. Warnings are not required for those offenses resulting in an office referral.)

### Discipline Plan Steps K - 5

\*\*\*Steps in the plan will accumulate throughout the entire school year.

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| Step 1:  | Administrator Conference                                       |
| Step 2:  | Detention  |
| Step 3:  | Detention  |
| Step 4:  | Detention  |
| Step 5:  | Up to 1 day ISS (in-school suspension)                         |
| Step 6:  | Up to 1 day earned ISS   |
| Step 7:  | Up to 2 days earned ISS  |
| Step 8:  | Up to 2 days earned ISS  |
| Step 9:  | Up to 3 days earned ISS  |
| Step 10: | OSS (out of school suspension for grades 3-5 up to three days) |
| Step 11: | Elementary DAEP (15 days)                                      |
| Step 12: | 1 day ISS  |
| Step 13: | 2 days ISS   |
| Step 14: | 3 days ISS   |
| Step 15: | OSS (for grades 3-5 up to three days)                          |
| Step 16: | Elementary DAEP (30 days)                                      |

Provided however, a student below grade three or a student who is homeless shall not be placed in out-of-school suspension unless, while on school property or attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property, the student engages in conduct that contains the elements of: a weapons offense under Penal Code sections 46.02 or 46.05; assault, sexual assault, aggravated assault, or aggravated sexual assault; selling, giving, or delivering to another person or possessing, using, or being under the influence of marijuana, a controlled substance, a dangerous drug, or an alcoholic beverage.

A student who is younger than six years of age may not be removed from class and placed in a DAEP, except that a student younger than six years of age who has been expelled pursuant to the Gun Free Schools Act [see Board Policy FOD] shall be provided educational services in a DAEP.

# DISCIPLINE PLAN SECONDARY STUDENTS

## Red Oak High School and Red Oak Middle School Discipline Guidelines

The disciplinary action taken will be based on “individual offense actions” in most cases. There are a few instances where total cumulative points earned will determine disciplinary action. The administrator reserves the right to use any action deemed appropriate according to specific circumstances. The natural progression of consequences for inappropriate behavior would include after school detention, Saturday detention, in-school suspension (ISS), out of school suspension, and then recommendation for placement in the Discipline Alternative Education Program (DAEP). Serious acts of misbehavior will result in more serious consequences, such as in-school suspension, out of school suspension, placement in DAEP, or recommendation for expulsion.

The Red Oak High School and Red Oak Middle School Discipline Management Plan is based on a point system. When a student has accumulated 15-20 points the student may be placed in in-school suspension (ISS) for up to three days. When a student has accumulated 30 or more total points for the year, a conference will be held to determine if a DAEP placement is warranted. An example of common offenses is listed below:

| <b>Offense</b>                                | <b>Points Per Offense</b>                                |
|---|--|
| Cell Phone / Personal Device                  | 3 + Follow Personal Electronic Communications Guidelines |
| Dress Code                                    | 3 + Follow Dress Code Violation Guidelines               |
| Excessive tardies                             | 3  |
| Referral to the office                        | 3  |
| Going to the parking lot without permission   | 3  |
| Failure to serve detention or Saturday School | 3  |
| Not in assigned area                          | 5  |
| Insubordination / Disrespect                  | 5  |
| Leaving Campus without permission             | 5  |
| Profanity                                     | 5  |
| Scuffling                                     | 5  |
| Tobacco                                       | 5 Points First Offense; 10 Points Second Offense, DAEP   |
| E-Cigarette / Vape (possession/use)           | 10 Points and DAEP Placement                             |
| Fighting                                      | 10 Points and DAEP Placement                             |
| Fireworks                                     | 30   |
| Theft   | 10 to 30   |
| Vandalism                                     | 10 to 30   |
| Bullying / Harassment of Others               | 10 to 30   |
| Alcohol / Drugs                               | DAEP Placement   |
| Assault                                       | DAEP Placement   |
| Weapons                                       | DAEP Placement   |

Any other offense(s) deemed in need of disciplinary action by the administration will be considered General Misconduct and points per offense will range from 1 – 30.

The administration maintains the discretion to assign additional points should the incident deemed to be more severe.

Before ordering removal to a DAEP, a campus behavior coordinator (CBC) must consider whether the student acted in self-defense, the intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, the student’s disciplinary history, whether the student has a disability that substantially impairs the student’s capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student’s conduct, the student’s status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or the student’s status as homeless, regardless of whether the decision of the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) concerns a mandatory or discretionary action.

Students returning from a DAEP placement will have their discipline reviewed on a case-by-case basis, with a maximum of 15 additional points to be accumulated before a return to DAEP placement.

The principal or campus behavior coordinator (CBC) and other school administrators as appropriate will report crimes as required by law and will call local law enforcement (Red Oak ISD Police) when an administrator suspects that a crime has been committed on campus.

# RED OAK ISD

## PERSONAL ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS GUIDELINES FOR SECONDARY STUDENTS

### Red Oak High School and Red Oak Middle School

Under the Personal Electronic Communications Guidelines, all cell phones, smart watches, Air Pods/headphones and other devices used to communicate electronically fall under the umbrella of personal electronic communications devices and will be referenced as “cell phone(s),” “paging devices” and/ or “device(s).” To promote the best possible learning and social environment in the classrooms and schools as well as overall safety of the students of Red Oak ISD, students will adhere to the guidelines listed below during the school day. The intent of the electronic communications guidelines is to limit access and use of cell phones to avoid distractions from learning and the loss of instructional time and to maintain the integrity of a successful learning environment at Red Oak ISD.

#### *Guidelines of Use*

Students will still be allowed to bring cell phones and other personal communication devices to school; however, cell phones and all functions within the device (cameras, Air Pods/headphones, smartwatches, and all other applications) are prohibited in all classrooms unless specifically allowed under Section 504 or within a student’s Special Education IEP.

All students are required to keep their devices turned off and stored away while in the classroom. Students may use their devices before and after school if they are not in a classroom. Students may use their devices during passing periods and in the cafeteria during breakfast and lunch.

Stored away means to have devices turned off and out of sight - off of their desks and out of their hands and/or lap. Devices must be turned off and stored in “off” mode in their pockets, bags, or backpacks.

An exception to “stored away” is that students may still wear Smartwatches; however, they are not allowed to be turned on to where messages can be sent/received or where apps are available while in the classrooms.

An exception to “usage in the hallways and cafeteria” is that Air Pods may only be used in one ear for safety purposes to allow the student the ability to hear all alerts and safety information.

#### *Statement of Expectations*

ROISD staff will reinforce the importance of maintaining a cell phone-free environment and consequences will be administered as follows:

- If a student uses a cell phone or device in violation of these guidelines during the school day, the device shall be confiscated.
- The student (on first offense) or parent (on second and subsequent offenses as outlined in consequences below) may pick up the confiscated telecommunications device from the principal's office for a fee of \$15 (for second and subsequent offenses). [See Consequence Offenses below.]
- Confiscated devices that are not retrieved by the student or the student's parent will be disposed of after the notice required by law. [See Board Policy FNCE.]
- In limited circumstances and in accordance with law, a student's cell phone may be searched by authorized personnel. [See Board Policy FNF.]

Any disciplinary action will be in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. The District is not responsible for damaged, lost, or stolen cell phones.

Unauthorized use of cell phones, smart watches, any type of Air Pods/headphones, and other devices used to electronically communicate are infractions of the guidelines.

Students using a personal electronic communications device in a classroom will result in confiscation of the cell phone and adherence to the graduated list of authorized consequences.

In the event of unauthorized use, the teacher should ask a student for the cell phone only one time. Failure to turn over the cell phone upon first request will result in a discipline referral to campus administration for insubordination, confiscation by the administration, and adherence to the graduated list of consequences. Authorized district employees who will be responsible for cell phone confiscation will include administrators and teachers (including substitutes or someone else covering the class).

#### *1st Offense*

- Phone is confiscated and the parent/legal guardian is contacted by the assistant principal.
- Parent/legal guardian or student can retrieve cell phone from school by the end of the school work day.
- Offense is a documented discipline referral with 3 points.

#### *2nd Offense*

- Phone is confiscated and the parent/legal guardian is contacted by the assistant principal.
- Parent/legal guardian can retrieve cell phone from school by the end of the school work day by appointment and pay an administrative fee of \$15.
- Offense is a documented discipline referral with 3 points.

#### *3rd Offense*

- Phone is confiscated and the parent/legal guardian is contacted by the assistant principal.
- Parent/legal guardian can retrieve cell phone from school by the end of the school work day by appointment and pay an administrative fee of \$15.
- Student assigned school detention.
- Offense is a documented discipline referral with 3 points.

#### *4th Offense*

- Phone is confiscated and the parent/legal guardian is contacted by the assistant principal.
- Parent/legal guardian can retrieve cell phone from school by the end of the school work day by appointment and pay an administrative fee of \$15.
- Student assigned ISS.
- Offense is a documented discipline referral with 3 points.

#### *5th Offense (or any offenses beyond 5)*

- Phone is confiscated and the parent/legal guardian is contacted by the assistant principal.
- Parent/legal guardian can retrieve cell phone from school by the end of the school work day by appointment and pay an administrative fee of \$15.
- Student assigned two (2) days ISS.
- Offense is a documented discipline referral with 3 points.



## **2024-2025 Welcome Packet**

Angela Fitzgerald, LPC-S  
Melody Hawkins, LPC-S

Director of Counseling & Family Services  
Student Support Specialist

# **RED OAK ISD DRESS CODE VIOLATION FOR SECONDARY STUDENTS**

## **Red Oak High School and Red Oak Middle School Consequence Guidelines**

**1<sup>st</sup> Offense** = Administrator warning in Skyward with student correction; ISS if student cannot correct

**2<sup>nd</sup> Offense** = Administrator warning in Skyward and parent phone call with student correction; ISS if student cannot correct

**3<sup>rd</sup> Offense** = 1 day ISS and 3 points **4<sup>th</sup> Offense** = 2 days ISS and 3 points **5<sup>th</sup> Offense** = 3 days ISS and 3 points

**6<sup>th</sup> (+) Offense** = 1 day OSS and 3 points

**NOTE:** Hoodies (hoods) or head coverings include caps, hats, berets, head scarfs (unless for documented medical or religious reasons), hoods (hoodies), Du rags, sweatbands, kerchiefs, or visors. If hoods or head coverings are worn in the building, the hoodies or head coverings may be collected by an administrator, and parents will be required to pick them up at the front office. If it becomes an issue with students not following the rule of no hoodies (hoods) or head coverings on the head in the building, due to safety and security, the district will revert back to the “**no** clothing that has hoodies (hoods) will be allowed” to be worn in the building. It is the responsibility of the student to follow these rules and guidelines for safety/identification purposes, and we need parents to reinforce this with their students for the safety and security of our campuses.